Wisconsin Department of Transportation

Truncated Warning Domes for Handicap Access Ramps

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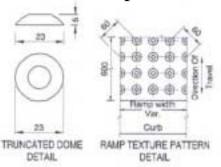
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Truncated Warning Dome Systems for Handicap Access Ramps





Truncated warning domes provide a pedestrian detectable warning system for transition into traffic areas. The surface treatment is readily distinguished by the blind and visually impaired population. The domes provide a surface that is easily distinguished underfoot and by cane. The application's color contrast also provides cues to the visually impaired pedestrian.

The recent ADA Accessible Guideline (ADAAG) standards designate truncated domes as the only acceptable detectable warnings design for curb ramps. This will require all municipalities and states to install the truncated dome systems on all new handicap access curb ramps. This requirement was originally issued in the 1991 ADAAG guide lines. The requirement was temporarily suspended pending the completion of research studies. In July of 2001 the Access Board allowed the suspension to expire based on the findings of the completed studies. The expiration of the suspension reestablished the mandate to install these systems.

WisDOT has initiated study WI-02-03 in partnership with FHWA and the City of Madison. Product trials have begun in response to these new ADA guidelines. Products were installed in the Fall of 2002 and will be evaluated over the winter and following spring. Product trials are evaluating constructability, durability, aesthetics, cost, and conformance to the standard. WisDot has also entered into a partnership with the Minnesota Department of Transportation (MNDOT) in the evaluation of different proprietary systems. Wisconsin will share its product trials results with MNDOT and MNDOT will perform laboratory tests on the different products.

For more information and to view the complete rule visit http://www.access-board.gov/1108 or http://www.access-board.gov/.

The following is a pictorial account of the installations of products during a recent and on going trials within the City of Madison.



COTE-L 2 step





A walk-behind grinder is used to prepare the sidewalk ramp



Xylene is used for surface prep of area to assure bonding



Surface prep work using the hand grinder as an option



Domes are provided in sheet form





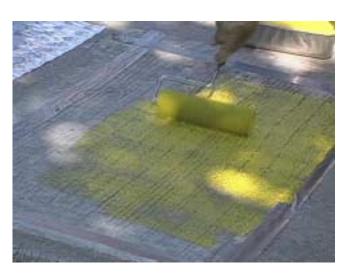
Outside perimeter is taped to provide defined working area



A paint pan and a special roller are used to apply the adhesive/coating to the sidewalk/domes.



Accelerator is mixed into the Duriback material



1st coat is applied for initial bonding of domes





Domes are placed on the Duriback for bonding.



The plastic is cut into 6-inch columns after initial setup. This allows the product to cure at a faster rate.



A flat board is used to apply pressure to seat the domes



The plastic is peeled off after the product is cured. Pressure was applied to the domes in conjunction with removal of backing material.



A second coat of Durabak-18 is applied after 3 hours of cure time.



Finished Duraback (2step) by COTE-L



Applying the third coat of the Durabak-18 the following day.



COTE-L 1 Step





The domes and field material are prefabricated into a sheet form.



Measuring from the curb flow line for correct placement





The outside edges are taped to mark outer edge of adhesive coverage.





A caulk gun and trowel were used to apply the adhesive.



Placing the mat.



Troweling the adhesive for complete coverage.



Applying pressure with a flat board to assure good adhesion









Using the board to firmly press edges and between domes for good adhesion.



Finished COTE-L Duriback mat







View of the flexible product, the backside is smooth.



Measuring and taping for correct placement.



Cleaning the surface with pressurized air after grinding.



Two-part epoxy adhesive is mixed.



Taped, measured and ready for adhesive.



Surface with epoxy ready for product



Troweling on the two-part urethane adhesive.



Laying the flexible mat down.



Rolling the mat down.



A piece of plywood and some weight to aid adhesion and left overnight.



A corner was trimmed to better conform with the retrofit installation site.



Drilling holes for the anchor pins the following day.



Mechanical anchor.



Finished Installation



Edge sealer is applied.

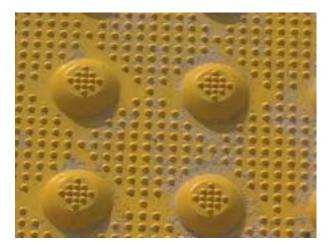


Engineered Plastics Armor Tile cast in place application





Top side view of the Armor Tile product.



Close-up view of the Armor Tile surface pattern.



Holes in the ribs allow concrete to penetrate the ribs holding the tile in place. Vent holes at the top of each channel allow the air to escape in the installation process.



After conventional curb ramp preparation and finishing, the product is set in place.





Embedding the Armor Tile product.



Applying weight to hold the Armor Tile product in place during initial set (overnight).





Adjusting the depth of the Armor Tile product during final finishing.





Final edge finishing of the Armor Tile product.





Final finishing of the sidewalk ramp.

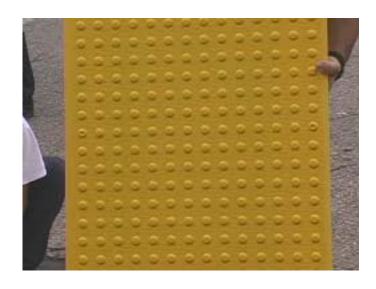


Finished installation



Engineered Plastics Armor Tile retrofit application







Grinding of ramp areas for proper shape



Semi-rigid sheet.

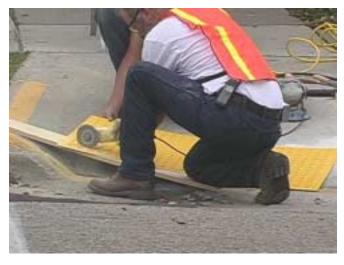


Ramp site after grinding.





Blowing the concrete dust off with a gas powered blower.



Custom cutting the Armor Tile for a good fit.



Cleaning the ramp surface with Acetone.



Cleaning with acetone prior to applying adhesive.





Applying adhesive to underside of Armor Tile.



The product is set in place.





Cleaning edges of Armor Tile with Acetone prior to taping and caulking the edges.





Taping the edges of Armor Tile prior to caulking and sealing the edges.



Installing the anchor pins.



Smoothing the caulk bead around the edges.



View of the finished Armor Tile retro-fit product.



Hanover Architectural Tiles precast application



Hanover



An oiled form is inserted into fresh concrete to create the recess for the precast panel





Finishing the concrete around the form.



The form was removed the following day.



Hanover



The finished cavity.



A thin set mortar is applied for a bonding layer



After 28 days of cure time the concrete is power washed to provide a clean bonding surface



Trowel in leveling mortar bed



Hanover



Thin set material was applied to precast block.



Joints were filled with thin set material.



The tiles were set, tape was applied to keep the edge clean



Finished installation



Increte stamp application



Increte



Release agent being applied per the manufacturer's recommendation. It was later found that the best method was to apply to the stamp itself.



Tamping the mat to get the concrete to "rise" into the concave domes on the underside of the mat





After 1 minute of tamping the stamp is removed.



Increte







Paint is applied for color contrast



Finished application



Strongwall retrofit application





Mineral spirits are used to clean the forms and to act as a release agent when the forms are pulled after the "mortar domes" have set.



The domes parent material is mixed.



After the area is ground and cleaned the forms are set in place.



Cementitious Material is applied to the forms with a flat trowel.





Excess material is removed



The form is pulled after 6 hours of cure time in 50 degree weather.





Some of the domes were pulled off with the form.





View of the product after the form was pulled. Notice that several domes did not adhere to the ramp.









First coat of field material applied. Loose domes were reapplied with field material.



Painting the application later that same day for required color contrast.



2nd coat of field material applied the following day. Temperatures in the low 50(f)'s.



Finished Strongwall installation.

